Numb. 698.

So^th.-Carolina GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From MONDAY *Auguſt* 24th, *to* MONDAY *Auguſt* 31ſt, 1747.

An Account of the Office of STADTHOLDER, *occaſioned by the late Revolution in the* UNITED PROVINCES.

THERE is nothing perhaps that does ſo much Honour to Monarchical Government, as the Readineſs which we ſee in the Subjects of all Republicks, to have recourſe to ſomething like it, whenever their Affairs are in a diſtreſſed Condition. This happened frequently in Greece and Rome, where indeed they had a legal Proviſion for that Purpoſe, which ſhews, that they perceived the Neceſſity of yielding to that Government for certain Seaſons, though they provided for the Abolition of it as ſoon as the Neceſſity was over. In other States again where this kind of Form is conſtantly kept up, it ſeems to be ſome Diſcredit to Monarchy, becauſe the firſt Magiſtrate has only Pomp and Precedence, Title and Shew, Drums and Trumpets, but the Power, is in other Hands. True Politicians however know both whence theſe Diſtinctions ariſe, and what are their Conſequences. The former happen in Democratick Government, where Power has been in the Chief of the People, till their Heads were turned by it, and their Care of keeping their own Authority got the better of the Deſire of uſing that Authority for the Benefit of Society, which being perceived, the firſt Advantage is taken of making ſuch an Alteration as gives them a Kind of Maſter, and the Republick a real Head. But in Ariſtocracies it is quite the reverſe, Princes have there the greateſt Power at firſt, and on the Eſtabliſhment of the Government, which is taken from them by Degrees, till at Length they become Cyphers for Life, as the Doge of Venice, or temporary Puppets, like the Duke of Genoa, who is told at the End of two Years, that he is to quit the Palace and go home again. The firſt Sort of change is generally attended with good Effects, the latter ſeldom, if ever.

All the World knows, that the States of the United Provinces became a potent Republick, by confirming the Treaty of Union which they had concluded amongſt themſelves in 1583. In the firſt Treaty there were only five Provinces included, viz. Guelders, Holland, Zealand, Friezland and Utrecht; afterwards, thoſe of Over-Yſſel and Groningen were added. Each Province is to all Intents and Purpoſes a ſeparate Republick, and acts as ſuch with Regard to its domeſtick Concerns, but in Reference to thoſe of a more publick and general Nature, it is connected with the other ſix by the Treaty of Union before mention'd and has no more than a ſingle Voice in the Aſſembly of the States General, in which reſides the Majeſty of that Common-Wealth, conſtituted by the Treaty of Union, and which has been known to the World ever ſince by the Title of the High and Mighty States of the United Provinces.

But as all Beginnings are weak, and as nothing was ever weaker than that of this Republick when it was firſt founded, ſo for their own Security and Preſervation, they found it abſolutely neceſſary to confide a great Share of Power in the Prince of Orange, to whoſe Wiſdom, Valour, and Integrity they owed their Freedom. He might if he had pleaſed, have taken to himſelf the Sovereignty with what Title he had thought fit; but he declined it for many Reaſons, and exerciſed that Authority which was given him by the Voice of the People, and by which their Freedom was preſerved, under the known Title of Stadtholder, which ſignifies Governor, or the Supreme Civil Magiſtrate for the Time being; I ſay for the Time being, becauſe the Stadtholders were originally Deputies or Lieutenant-Governors to the Counts or hereditary Princes of theſe Countries, before they became annexed to the Crown of Spain. In 1584, the Prince of Orange was murdered, and the States immediately conferred all his Honours and Employments on his Son Prince Maurice, his eldeſt Son the Prince of Orange being in the Hands of the Spaniards. Prince Maurice, who by the Death of that Brother afterwards ſucceeded to the Title of Orange, held his Authority, and exerciſed it with Applauſe to the Time of his Deceaſe in 1626, when he was ſucceeded by his Brother Frederick Henry, under whoſe Adminiſtration the States became more and more powerful. He died in 1647, when his Son William, who married the Daughter of King Charles I. ſucceeded him by the Title of William II. Prince of Orange. It was with him the States, or rather ſome ambitious Members of the Republick, began their Quarrels, which they were the better able to manage, ſince, by the military Virtues of the Princes of Orange, they had triumphed over all their Enemies, and were owned and fear'd as a free State. Before theſe Broils were totally compoſed, he died of the ſmall Pox, and ſeven Days after, the Princeſs his Widow was brought to Bed of William III. Prince of Orange. In 1654 the Government of Holland made a Treaty with the Proteſtor Cromwell, by which they engaged to exclude the young Prince from all Employments; and ſoon after they made a Law in Holland to aboliſh the Office of Stadtholder, and the Poſt of Captain General and Admiral, which was called the Act of Excluſion. In the Peace concluded between Charles II and the States General in 1688 it was agreed, that when the Prince of Orange was of Age, he ſhould enjoy the Poſts of Captain General and Admiral, but whether this was really intended or not, is uncertain; but when the French King invaded Holland in 1672, the People forced the States to declare the Prince of Orange Stadtholder, and to ſend Deputies to releaſe him from the Oath he had taken, never to accept of that Employment. After the Death of this glorious Prince, ſo well known to the World by the glorious Title of King of Gr. Britain, &c. the Form of Government, which had ſubſiſted before he was made Stadtholder, was reſumed, and the preſent ſurviving Branch of the Houſe of Naſſau preſerved only its hereditary Stadtholderſhip of Friezland, which was enjoyed by the late Prince of Orange, and devolved by his Death on his Serene Highneſs, who now enjoys that Title.

It is not eaſy to ſay, for few Authors have treated the Point particularly, wherein the Function of a Stadtholder conſiſt. We muſt in that reſpect rely upon Judgment and Experience, which plainly ſhews us, that as the Sovereignty reſted in the States General (I mean on the throwing off the Yoke of Spain) ſo the Adminiſtration of the Government was in a great Meaſure left to the Prince of Orange, partly as Stadtholder, and partly as Captain General and Admiral. The States alone had the Power of making Peace or War, and of entering into all foreign Alliances, raiſing of Taxes, and coining of Money. The Prince diſpoſed of all military Commands both by Land and Sea, in Time of War by his own Commiſſion, in Time of Peace by that of the States. As Stadtholder he pardoned Offenders, and nominated Magiſtrates; the Town preſenting him the Names of three, out of which he choſe one. In him reſided the Dignity of the State, he had a Palace and a Court, his Guards, and all the other Marks of Grandeur incident to Princes; to him Foreign Miniſters paid their Court, as did all ſuch as were inclined to ſerve their Country in the Fleet or Army. In the Councils of the States he had a Seat, and a deciſive Voice, but not in the Aſſembly of the States General, though nothing was done there without his Knowledge, or againſt his Conſent. It is very certain, that the Exerciſe of this Office in Holland confirms the Obſervation,

servation made at the beginning of this Paper; for the Power of the Republick was never at a Stand till the Office of Stadtholder was laid aside, and in the Judgment of judicious aud impartial People has been declining ever since.

CHARLES-TOWN, *August* 31.

On Sunday the 16th Instant, the new Church in *George-Town Winyaw* was opened, and Divine Service therein performed, by the Rev. Mr. *Keith*, to a pretty numerous Congregation.

We have Advice from *Cape-Fear*, that the Brigt. *John & Mary* of and from that Place, *Thomas Corbett* Master, sail'd on the 21st of *June* last for *Bristol*, with a Cargo of Pitch, Tar and Turpentine, and was taken the next Day, about 17 Leagues *S.S.E* of that River, by a Row-Boat, and a Sloop of 6 Carriage and 12 Swivel Guns and 45 Men, called the *Francis Gabriel the Conqueror*; *Stephen Beard* Commander, both fitted out from *St. Augustine*; That it was this *Beard* that cut Mr. *Godin*'s Schooner out of 5 Fathom Hole; and that, after taking the Brigt. above-mentioned, he sail'd farther Northward 'till he reach'd *Long-Island*, where several light and loaden Vessels and even a Privateer came along his Side, and were taken; of the light Vessels he burnt three in sight of the Island, and those that were laden he sent to *St. Augustine* and *Hispaniola*.

Last Saturday departed this Life, in the 27th Year of his Age, the Rev. Mr. *Thomas Kennedy*, Minister of the *Scots* Meeting-house in this Town. AMASIUS (to whom we are very much obliged) has in the following Lines, given us so just a Character of that Gentleman, that it is needless to say any more here, than that we wish his Example were follow'd.

On the Death of the Rev. Mr. KENNEDY.

—— —— *Scribimus indocti, doctique.* HOR.

HARK! methought I heard the death-betok'ning knell,
The dull, drear, hollow sound of yonder steeple bell; —
It rings aloud, *eternally farewell!*
Accept immortal shade these artless lays,
Sincere the verse, nor stain'd with venal praise.
REVER'D by all, in younger years admir'd,
By all the worthy and the good desir'd;
Neither diminish'd by affected art,
Nor guile deform'd, nor pride debas'd thy Heart;
With many virtues was thy bosom w[illegible],
And pure religion bright'ned ev'ry [illegible]n!
O! purest pattern of untainted youth,
Of humble piety and christian truth,
A pastor faithful to thy charge and trust,
Blameless thro' life, in ev'ry action just;
Who knew no flatt'ry, to scandal lent no ear,
Of strictest piety and soul sincere:
From passion, pride, from strife and envy free,
In this loose sliding age, how few like thee!
'Tis Autumn! now fierce diseases throng,
In crowds to drag us to th'eternal home!
The burning fever rages thro' the blood,
And the pale Ague chills the vital flood.
The young, the old, confus'd by numbers fall,
And Death, with equal Hand, doth strike at all;
No longer then, let youth be hurried thro'
The Tides of noisy mirth that ebb and flow;
But think, that once we'll tread the dismal shore,
When Love and Joy must ne'er be dreamt on more.
Adieu the muse, adieu the country plain,
Adieu each nymph, and each enchanting strain.

AMASIUS.

Yesterday sail'd on a Cruize against his Majesty's Enemies, the *Isabella* Privateer Galley, Capt. *George Twist* Commander.

Mr. *Timothy*,

Please to insert in your next Gazette, the following Lines, occasioned by the Death of that worthy young Gentleman Mr. *John Ball*, who departed this Life the 14th Instant, aged 21 Years, much lamented by all who had the Pleasure to know him, and you'll oblige many of your Friends, in particular,

Your very humble Servant,
PHILAGATHUS.

WHAT Eye too many Tears can shed,
That weeps the worthy youth that's dead?
Muse, strike the hoarse-resounding string,
And lamentable numbers bring;
Bring notes that murmur as they flow,
And loudest plaints, to speak our woe,
See, where in death's cold arms he lies!
How sound a slumber seals his eyes!
Ye Gods, quite senseless in the urn,
Departed — never to return!
The virtuous few laments his fall;
But you his parents, more than all:
To grief and rage abandon'd, you,
With tears that never cease to flow,
Invoke the Gods in fruitless cries,
" Just Heav'n restore him to our eyes! "
Alas! not all the weeping nine,
Not verse like *Sappho*'s melting lines,
Nor *Orpheus*, with his tuneful moan,
Shall wake to life what's dead and gone,
Or charm relentless fate, to send
Again our poor departed friend.
Never must wit and manly grace,
And smiles re-animate his face,
Fresh blooming youth those cheeks adorn,
Or roses, blushing, like the morn!
Oh! then suppress than rising tear!
What Heav'n ordains, 'tis ours to bear;
With resignation to endure
Those evils which we cannot cure.
No more we'll mourn his early doom,
But grave these praises on his Tomb,
" By all who knew this charming Youth,
" Was found, both Innocence and Truth!
" Sweetness was his, and native Ease;
" Not taught, but form'd or born to please!
" For modest Conduct, free from Blame,
" Truth, Honour, and unspotted Fame,
" His equal here thou scarce shalt find,
" Reader, 'mongst all he left behind.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Charles-Town, *Enter'd Inwards.* None.
Entered Outwards. None.
Clear'd for Departure.
Ship Dantzick Merchant, Henry Brown, to Bristol.
Brigt. Poolbrook, Alexander St. Barbe, to London.
Sloop Elizabeth, Hilman Hutchins, to Frederica.

EXPORTED from this Place, since the first of November last, the following Goods, of the Produce of this Province.

Rice, 51,039 Barrils.	Tann'd Leather, 3023 Sides.
Pitch, 12660, Barrils.	Beef & Pork, 4662 Barrels.
Tar, 3053 Barrils.	Corn & Pease, 59,284 Bushels.
Turpentine, 3999 Barrils.	Indigo, 38,881 *lb.*
Deer-Skins 482 Hhds.	

Market Price at Charlestown, of the following Goods, of the Produce and Manufacture of this Province.

Rice per 100 Wt 47 *s.* 6	Indigo, 20 *s.*
Pitch per Barrel, 47 *s.* 6	Deer-Skins per *lb.* 16 *s.*
Tar, 40 *s.*	Corn per Bushel, 15 *s.* 0
Turpentine, 10 *s.*	Pease, 12 *s.* 6
Pork, 16 *l.*	Staves per 1000, 18 *l.*
Rosin, 8 *s.*	Sallad Oyl per Quart, 12 *s.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

John Paul Grimke is removed opposite to the House wherein he lately lived, between *Isaac Holmes*, Esq. and Messrs. *Brailsford*, where he continues to keep a Goldsmith's Shop, and works as the Jeweller's Trade as usual. He has lately imported in the *Elliott*, Capt. *Liddel*, from *London*, a fine and fresh assortment of Jeweller's Work, *&c.* which he will sell very reasonable for ready Money, also a compleat set of the *London Magazines*. 9

Any Person having a Negro Wench to dispose of that is a very good Cook, and is willing to let her go on Trial may hear of a Purchaser on enquiring of the Printer. 8

Very good Sallad Oyl, of Sesamum *or* Benny *Seed, made and sold by* Francis Gracia, *at* 12 *s.* 6 *per Quart. It may also be had of the Printer hereof.*

A Sum of Money TO BE LETT. Enquire of the Printer hereof. ♀

John Cantey living at *Jack*'s Creek on the North ſide of *Santee-River*, gives me Account of a bald Face bay Horſe, about 14 Hands high, branded I on the mounting ſhoulder, PB on the off ſhoulder, and G on the near Buttock, glaſs or wall W Eyes, and ſaddle ſpots on both ſides his Back with Navel Gald; taken up at *Wateree-River* as a ſtray Horſe. The Owner may apply to ♀ *Thomas Monck.*

A Caſe of fine Spear-pointed Lancets to be reſtor'd to any Perſon who will deſcribe the ſame, upon proper Application to me at Doct. *Murray*'s in *Church-ſtreet*. ♀ *John Bulline.*

TAKEN up, near *Orangeburgh* Townſhip, a large brown bay Gelding about 12 Years old, branded on the off Buttock *, off ſhoulder 3K, and B with a Heart; the ſaid Horſe was bred in the ſaid Townſhip, and ſold 6 Years ago in *Charles-Town*. Alſo a ſmall ſorrel Gelding, about 8 Years old, branded on the mounting Buttock ▽, and on the off ſhoulder *JS*. Whoever owns the ſaid Horſes or either of them, muſt apply to ♀ *John Chevillette*, J.P.

WHEREAS the Church-Wardens and Veſtrymen of the Pariſh of *St. Thomas*, purſuant to an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, *for the Relief of the Poor*, did aſſeſs the Inhabitants and Owners of Lands and Slaves within the ſaid Pariſh, in the Sum of *one ſhilling* and *three pence half-penny* on each Slave, and the like Sum for every 100 Acres of Land, in order to reimburſe the Church-Wardens for the Maintenance of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh for the Year by paſt: This is therefore to deſire all Perſons concerned, *Reſidents* or *non-Reſidents*, to pay their reſpective Proportions of ſaid Aſſeſſment, on or before the 25th Day of *September* next, to Meſſrs. *Stephen Miller*, jun. *Daniel Laſeſne*, and *Francis Simmons*, or either of them, they being appointed Collectors of the ſame, or elſe Executions will be granted againſt the Defaulters without further Notice, *Stephen Hartley*, *Samuel Simmons* } *Church-Wardens.* ♂

A bay Mare with a long Tail, branded on the mounting Shoulder MM: +. A grey Mare with a long Tail, branded NL in one. A black Horſe, 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock G with an 1 in it, the near hind Foot white, and has a ſtar and Dent in his Forehead. Any Perſon claiming any of the above Creatures, may apply to ♂ *Peter Taylor.*

At a Court of Common Pleas begun and holden at Charles-Town, *on Tueſday the 11th of May*, 1747.

THE Perſons whoſe Names are hereunder written, having been duely ſummoned and returned to ſerve as Jurors at the ſaid Court, made Default, *to wit*,

NATHANIEL HINSON, RICHARD HAZZARD
THOMAS BOONE, ſen. SAMUEL DUPREE
JAMES STEWART,

fineable at FIVE POUNDS *Proclamation Money* each, unleſs they and each of them can ſhew good and ſufficient Excuſe upon Oath, why the ſaid Fines ſhould not be reſpectively levied, at the ſaid Court to be holden on the *firſt Tueſday* in *October* next, purſuant in the Directions of the Act of the General Aſſembly in that Caſe made and provided. JAMES WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

N. B. A ſufficient Excuſe taken before a Magiſtrate and tranſmitted to the Clerk, will be allowed. 4

TO BE SOLD by *John Lining* in *Broad*-ſtreet, Orange, Anniſeed, Clove, Lime and Tanſy Waters at 40 *s. per* Gallon, Lemon Water at 3 *l.* Cinamon Water at 5 *l.* Citron Water at 6 *l.* fine Uſquebaugh at 8 *l.* and Spirits of Wine at 3 *l.* 10 *s. per* Gallon, Bitters at 40 *s. per* Quart.

A good and freſh Aſſortment of Druggs, by Wholeſale or Retail, likewiſe the following Cordial Waters, Uſquebaugh at 8 *l. per* Gallon, Citron at 6 *l.* Cinamon at 5 *l.* Salary, Tanſie, and Lemon 3 *l.* Orange, Anniſeed, Clove, Geneva, Mint and Lime Waters at 40 *s.* Spirit of Wine at 3 *l.* 10 *s.* Bitters at 40 *s. per* Quart, and ſome exceeding good white Wine Vinegar at 20 *s. per* Gallon or 15 *s.* by the Quantity, to be ſold by *Samuel Carne*, at his Houſe on the Bay near the *New-Market*, where good Lodgings may be had.

☞ A conſiderable Abatement will be made to Perſons that take large Quantities. ⊖

To be ſold by the Printer hereof.

SUMMONS *for Juſtices and Freeholders, and for Evidences,* Warrants *for Debts under and above* 20 *Pounds, and the two Acts lately paſſed for the Recovery of ſmall Debts.*

Stolen or ſtray'd from my Plantation near *Spoon Savannah*, about the beginning of *April* laſt, a large Sorrel Horſe about 15 Hands high, ſhort dock'd, and branded on the near Buttock IP. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to my Plantation, or gives Information where he may be had, ſhall have 10 *l.* Reward. ♃ *William Butler.*

☞ *All Perſons any Ways indebted to the ſaid* William Butler, *are deſired to diſcharge the ſame by the* 10th *of* December *next at fartheſt.*

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, a young *Spaniſh* Indian Fellow, about 18 Years of Age, condemn'd here by a Court of Admiralty; ſpeaks little or no *Engliſh*, had on when he went away a light colour'd drugget Jacket, an old check'd Shirt, and ſtrip'd Trowſers, and is ſuppoſed to be gone with a *Spaniard* about 50 Years old, that wore a ſtrip'd cotton Jacket and Trowſers. Whoever takes up the Run-away, and delivers him to *Daniel Laroche*, Eſq; at *George-Town*, or to *George Saxby*, Eſq; in *Charles-Town*, ſhall have 10 *l.* Reward. *Brunſwick, July* 29, 1747. ♂ *John Wright.*

RUN AWAY, ſome Time ago, a young Negro Fellow named *Tony*, formerly belong'd to Major *William Pinckney*; had on when he went away an old red Jacket and wide tarry Trowſers. Whoever takes up and delivers him to me ſhall have £. 5 Reward, but whoever harbours or entertains him will be proſecuted with Severity. The ſaid Fellow is ſuppos'd to be about *Hobcaw* or *Charles-Town* Neck, *Thomas Hardan.*

STRAY'D, from Mr. *Stobo*'s Plantation on *Willtown* Path, a large ſorrel Gelding with a long ſwitch Tail, a Blaze in Face, and branded with *HM* in one on the mounting Buttock: And a ſmall black Horſe, with a long ſwitch Tail; they are both ſuppoſed to be together. Whoever delivers them to the ſaid *Thomas Harding* in *Charles-Town*, or at the Plantation of *Robert Yonge*, Eſq; ſhall have 5 *l.* Reward for each. ♂

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *James Belin*, ſen. deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge their reſpective Debts to the Subſcribers, on or before the 29th of *September* next. And thoſe that have any Demands on the ſaid Eſtate, to bring in their Accompts properly atteſted to *James Belin*, and ♂ *Daniel Horry*, Executors.

His Excellency the Governor having been pleaſed to appoint the Subſcriber *ſole VENDUE-MASTER* of *South-Carolina*. *This is to give Notice to the Publick, that he is ready to ſerve all Perſons who are deſirous of employing him in that Office, either in* Charles-Town *or elſewhere within the Province. AND WHEREAS ſeveral Perſons have of late preſumed to ſell Goods at publick Outcry, without any lawful Authority for the ſame, it is hoped that no Body will encourage that diſorderly Practice for the future: And, any Perſon whoſoever, who ſhall hereafter ſell or diſpoſe any Goods at publick Outcry contrary to Law, and without the Leave or Conſent of the Subſcriber, may depend upon being proſecuted with the utmoſt Severity of Law*

♃ Daniel Crawford, *V.M.*

WHEREAS I intend in a few Months to *depart this Province, this is to deſire all Perſons who are any ways indebted to me, to diſcharge their reſpective Debts by the firſt of* September *next, that I may be thereby enabled to ſatisfy my Creditors. I have a good Brick Houſe in* King-ſtreet, *with a good Kitchen, Store and large Garden, to diſpoſe of at a reaſonable Price, for one half Caſh, and ſix Months Credit (without Intereſt) for the Reſt, giving Security if required.* ♃ James Hillard.

Brought to the Work-Houſe,

Auguſt 22d, 1747. A run-away Negro Fellow, belonging to Doct. *Bruce.*

Auguſt 24th, 1747. A run-away Negro Fellow, belonging to Mr. *Moſes Cockfield.*